

<b>Course title</b>	<b>The modern Russian Literary Language: Morphology II</b>
<b>Course code</b>	Valo3147
<b>Credit points</b>	2
<b>ECTS credit points</b>	3
<b>The total audience hours</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Number of hours for seminars and practical assignments</b>	40

### Course developers

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### Course summary

The course is designed for bachelor's study program "Philology" students.

Traditional course includes questions about the parts of speech classification, grammatical categories, declination and conjugation types, relations between morphology and syntax. Course objectives: To introduce students to the modern Russian morphological system; to characterize contemporary Russian peculiarities of parts of speech, lexical grammatical categories, their trends; to develop morphological analysis skills.

### Results

Trained in the courses students are able to

- consistently explain in detail and narrate fully and accurately in all time frames, provide a structured argument to support their opinions, and construct hypotheses;
- in writing have good control of a range of grammatical structures and a fairly wide general vocabulary; are familiar with grammatical concepts;
- understand, with ease and confidence, conventional narrative and descriptive texts of any length as well as complex factual material such as summaries or reports;
- obtain the understanding of the Russian language morphological system;
- identify parts of speech and borderline cases;
- comprehend semantics and syntactic functions of parts of speech;

### Course plan / Contents

1. Adjective. Lexical grammatical categories. Qualitative and attitudes adjectives. Possessive adjectives.
2. Numeral. Lexical grammatical categories.
3. Pronouns as special lexical semantic class. Classification of pronouns.
4. Verb. Verb lexeme's volume. Conjugated and non-conjugated forms. Infinitive. Grammatical categories. The verb type. Modern trends in verb aspect.
5. Transitive and non-transitive Active and passive voice. Verb two strains and their role in shaping the verb forms. Verb class.

6. Verb expression. Condition and imperative. Real expression. Person's category. Participle as a special verb form. Gerund as a special verb form.
7. Adverb. Semantic groups. Adverbs in comparable degrees. The question of the state category as a special part of speech. Classification of words of state category. The issue of modal words. Modal word groups.
8. Preposition. Conjunctions. Particle. Interjection.
9. Long-form and short-form adjectives. The issue of comparable degrees. Animated / non-animated adjectives, gender, number, case categories. Adjective declension types. Analytical adjectives.
10. Numeral: gender category, figure category, cases. Case system.
11. Different categories of pronouns: meaning, morphological characters, the form change and syntactic functions.
12. Imperfectivation and perfectivation. Aspect pairs. Uniform, double-form verbs. Verbs of motion.
13. Tense category. Imperfective present tense form and its meaning. Imperfective past and future tense forms and meanings. Perfective past and future tense forms and meanings.
14. Meaning of personal forms. Non-personal verbs. Verb conjugation.
15. Participles: grammatical features and formation. Gerund: grammatical features and formation
16. Preposition: groups, structure. Preposition semantic and syntactic features. Conjunctions classification by syntactic functions and features. Conjunctions groups in its structure. Particles. The particle group in its structure and functions.

#### **Students' individual work:**

- theory studies;  practical work.

#### **Requirements for credits**

Student assessment during the term: Home works (20%) 2 tests (40%), examination (40%).

#### **Basic Training**

1. Rojavin M., Dengub E., Forrester S. Russian for Advanced Students. Hyattsville: Dunwoody Press, 2013.
2. Бабайцева В.В. Явления переходности в грамматике русского языка. Москва: Дрофа, 2000.
3. Виноградов В.В. Русский язык (Грамматическое учение о слове) / Под ред. Г. А. Зотовой. — 4-е изд. — Москва: Русский язык, 2001.
4. Высоцкая И.В. Субстантивация в свете теории синхронной переходности. Новосибирск, 2009.
5. Камынина А.А. Современный русский язык. Морфология. М., 1999.
6. Мелех Н.Т., Баранова И.И. Русские падежи: Сб. упражнений. Санкт-Петербург: Изд-во Пол. унта, 2006.
7. Современный русский язык. Под ред. В.А. Белошапковой. Москва: Изд-во МГУ, 1997.

#### **Further reading**

1. Беседина Н.А. Принципы и механизмы морфологической репрезентации в языке. // Филологические науки. 2008. № 6.
2. Бондарко А.В. Теория морфологических категорий и аспектологические исследования. Москва: Языки славянской культуры, 2005.
3. Воротников Ю.Л. Местоимения как «языковые категоризаторы» // Филологические науки. 2001. № 5.
4. Зализняк А.А. Русское именное словоизменение. Москва: Языки славянской культуры, 2002.

5. Зализняк А.А., Шмелёв А.Д. Введение в русскую аспектологию. М.: Языки славянской культуры, 2000.
6. Касаткин Л.Л., Клобуков Е.В., Лекант П.А. Краткий справочник по русскому языку. Москва: АСТПресс Книга, 2010.
7. Плунгян В.А. Общая морфология. Введение в проблематику. Москва: Эдиториал УРСС, 2-е изд., 2003.
8. Теория функциональной грамматики. Введение. Аспектуальность. Временная локализованность. Таксис. Л.: Наука, 1987.
9. Теория функциональной грамматики. Темпоральность. Модальность. Л.: Наука, 1990.
10. Яковсон Р.О. К общему учению о падеже. Русское спряжение. О структуре русского глагола // Яковсон Р. Избранные работы. Москва: Прогресс, 1985.

**Periodicals and other sources of information**

Журналы "Вопросы языкознания", "Филологические науки", "Русская речь".  
[www.gramota.ru](http://www.gramota.ru), [www.philology.ru](http://www.philology.ru), [www.ruslang.ru](http://www.ruslang.ru)